SN74GTL2014 4-Channel LVTTL to GTL Transceiver

1 Features

- Operates as a GTL–/GTL/GTL+ to LVTTL or LVTTL to GTL–/GTL/GTL+ Translator
- The LVTTL Inputs are Tolerant up to 5.5 V Allowing Direct Access to TTL or 5 V CMOS
- The GTL Input/Output Operate up to 3.6 V, Allowing the Device to be Used in High Voltage Open-Drain Applications
- VREF Goes Down to 0.5 V for Low Voltage CPU Usage
- Partial Power-Down Permitted
- Latch-up Protection Exceed 500 mA per JESD78
- Package Option: TSSOP14
- –40°C to 85°C Operating Temperature Range
- ESD Protection on All Terminals
  - 2000 V HBM, JESD22-A114
  - 1000 V CDM, IEC61000-4-2

2 Applications

- Server
- Base Station
- Wireline Communication

3 Description

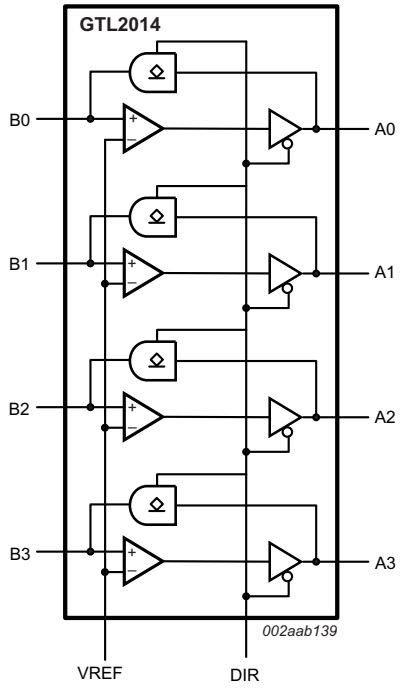
The SN74GTL2014 is a 4-channel translator to interface between 3.3-V LVTTL chip set I/O and Xeon processor GTL–/GTL/GTL+ I/O.

The SN74GTL2014 integrates ESD protection cells on all terminals and is available in a TSSOP package (5.00 mm × 4.40 mm). The device is characterized over the free air temperature range of –40°C to 85°C.

Device Information(1)

PART NUMBER	PACKAGE	BODY SIZE (NOM)
SN74GTL2014	TSSOP (14)	5.00 mm × 4.40 mm

(1) For all available packages, see the orderable addendum at the end of the data sheet.



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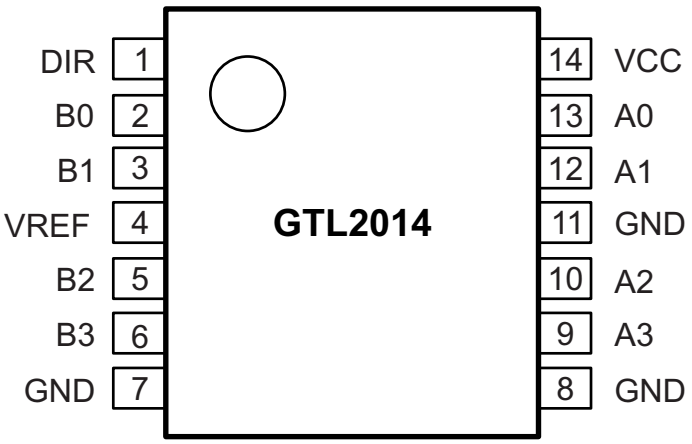
4 Revision History

Changes from Original (February 2014) to Revision A **Page**

- Added Handling Rating table, Feature Description section, Device Functional Modes, Application and Implementation section, Power Supply Recommendations section, Layout section, Device and Documentation Support section, and Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable Information section. ... 1
- Updated Specifications section ... 4
- Updated LVTTL/TTL to GTL–/GTL/GTL+ application schematic. ... 9
- Updated LVTTL/TTL to GTL–/GTL/GTL+ application schematic. ... 11
- Added *Power Supply Recommendations* ... 12

5 Pin Configuration and Functions

TSSOP Package (14 Pin)
(Top View)



Pin Functions

PIN		DESCRIPTION
NAME	NUMBER	
A0	13	LVTTL data input/output
A01	12	
A02	10	
A03	9	
B0	2	GTL data input/output
B01	3	
B02	5	
B03	6	
DIR	1	Direction control input (LVTTL)
GND	7	Ground
	8	
	11	
VCC	14	Supply voltage
VREF	4	GTL reference voltage

6 Specifications

6.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

Specified at T_A = –40°C to 85°C unless otherwise noted(1)

			MIN	MAX	UNIT
V_{CC}	Supply voltage		–0.5	4.6	V
I_{IK}	Input clamping current, VI < 0 V			–50	mA
V_{SEL}	Input control voltages SEL(2)(3)		–0.5	6	V
V_I	Input voltage	A port	–0.5	7	V
		B port	–0.5	4.6	
I_{OK}	Control input clamp current, V_O < 0 V			–50	mA
V_O	Output voltage	A port	–0.5	7	V
		B port	–0.5	4.6	
I_{OL}	Current into any output in the low state	A port		40	mA
		B port		80	
I_{OH}	Current into any output in the high state			–40	mA

(1) Stresses beyond those listed under *Absolute Maximum Ratings* may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only and functional operation of the device at these conditions is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.
(2) All voltages are with respect to ground, unless otherwise specified
(3) V_I and V_O are used to denote specific conditions for $V_{I/O}$

6.2 Handling Ratings

			MIN	MAX	UNIT
T_{stg}	Storage temperature range		–55	150	°C
V_{ESD}(1)	Human Body Model (HBM), JEDEC: JESD22-A114(2)	All pins	0	2	kV
	IEC61000-4-2 contact discharge(3)	All pins	0	1	

(1) Electrostatic discharge (ESD) to measure device sensitivity/immunity to damage caused by assembly line electrostatic discharges into the device.
(2) Level listed above is the passing level per ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS-001. JEDEC document JEP155 states that 500-V HBM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process. *Pins listed as 250 V may actually have higher performance.*
(3) Level listed above is the passing level per EIA-JEDEC JESD22-C101. JEDEC document JEP157 states that 250-V CDM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process. *Pins listed as 250 V may actually have higher performance.*

6.3 Recommended Operating Conditions

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)(1)

			MIN	NOM	MAX	UNIT
V_{CC}	Supply voltage		3	3.3	3.6	V
V_{TT}	Termination voltage	GTL–	0.85	0.9	0.95	V
		GTL	1.14	1.2	1.26	
		GTL+	1.35	1.5	1.65	
V_{REF}	Reference voltage	Overall	0.5	2 / 3 V_{TT}	V_{CC} / 2	V
		GTL–	0.5	0.6	0.63	
		GTL	0.76	0.8	0.84	
		GTL+	0.87	1	1.1	
V_I	Input voltage	A port	0	3.3	5.5(2)	V
		B port	0	V_{TT}	3.6	
V_{IH}	High-level input voltage	A port and DIR	2			V
		B port	V_{REF} + 50 mV			

(1) All unused control inputs of the device must be held at V_{CC} or GND to ensure proper device operation. Refer to the TI application report, *Implications of Slow or Floating CMOS Inputs*, literature number SCBA004.
(2) The $V_{I(max)}$ of LVTTL port is 3.6 V if configured as output (DIR=L)

Recommended Operating Conditions (continued)

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)(1)

			MIN	NOM	MAX	UNIT
V_{IL}	Low-level input voltage	A port and DIR			0.8	V
		B port			V_{REF} – 50 mV	
I_{OH}	High-level input current	A port			–20	mA
I_{OL}	Low-level output current	A port			20	mA
		B port			50	

6.4 Thermal Information

THERMAL METRIC(1)		SN74GTL2014 PW 14 PINS	UNIT
$R_{\theta JA}$	Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance	136.8	°C/W
$R_{\theta JC(top)}$	Junction-to-case (top) thermal resistance	63.0	
$R_{\theta JB}$	Junction-to-board thermal resistance	78.6	
ψ_{JT}	Junction-to-top characterization parameter	11.9	
ψ_{JB}	Junction-to-board characterization parameter	77.9	

(1) For more information about traditional and new thermal metrics, see the *IC Package Thermal Metrics* application report, SPRA953.

6.5 Electrical Characteristics

Specified at T_A = –40°C to 85°C (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	–40°C TO 85°C			UNIT
			MIN	TYP	MAX	
V_{OH}	A port	V_{CC} = 3 to 3.6 V, I_{OH} = –100 µA	V_{CC} – 0.2			V
		V_{CC} = 3 V, I_{OH} = –16 mA	2			
V_{OL}	A port	V_{CC} = 3 V, I_{OL} = 8 mA		0.28	0.4	V
	A port	V_{CC} = 3 V, I_{OL} = 16 mA		0.55	0.8	
	B port	V_{CC} = 3 V, I_{O}L = 40 mA		0.23	0.4	
I_I	A port	V_{CC} = 3.6 V, V_I = V_{CC}			±1	µA
		V_{CC} = 3.6, V_I = 0 V			±1	
		V_{CC} = 3.6, V_I = 5.5 V			5	
	B port	V_{CC} = 3.6 V, V_I = V_{TT} or GND			±1	µA
	Control pin	V_{CC} = 3.6 V, V_I = V_{CC} or 0 V			±1	µA
I_{off}	OFF-state output current on A port	V_{CC} = 0 V, V_{IO} = 0 to 3.6 V			±10	µA
	OFF-state output current on A port	V_{CC} = 0 V, V_{IO} 3.6 to 5.5V			±100	
	OFF-state output current on B port	V_{CC} = 0 V, V_{IO} = 0 to 3.6 V			±10	
I_{CC}	A port	V_{CC} = 3.6 V, V_I = V_{CC} or GND, I_O = 0		3	10	mA
	B port	V_{CC} = 3.6 V, V_I = V_{TT} or GND, I_O = 0		3	10	mA
ΔI_{CC}	A port or control input	V_{CC} = 3.6 V, V_I = V_{CC} – 0.6 V			500	µA
C_I	Input capacitance of control pin	V_I = 3.0 V or 0 V		2	2.5	pF
C_{IO}	A port	V_O = 3 V or 0		4	6	pF
	B port	V_O = V_{TT} or 0		5.46	5.55	

6.6 Dynamic Electrical Characteristics

over operating range, T_A = –40°C to 85°C, V_{CC} = 1.65 to 4.6 V, GND = 0 V for GTL (see *Functional Block Diagram*)

PARAMETER		GTL– V_{CC} = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V, V_{REF} = 0.6 V, V_{TT} = 0.9 V			GTL V_{CC} = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V, V_{REF} = 0.8 V, V_{TT} = 1.2 V			GTL+ V_{CC} = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V, V_{REF} = 1 V, V_{TT} = 1.5 V			UNIT
		MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	
t_{PLH} (low to high propagation delay)	An to Bn		2.8	5		2.8	5		2.8	5	ns
t_{PHL}(high to low propagation delay)			3.3	7		3.4	7		3.4	7	
t_{PLH} (low to high propagation delay)	Bn to An		5.3	8		5.2	8		5.1	8	ns
t_{PHL} (high to low propagation delay)			5.2	8		4.9	7.16		4.7	7.16	

6.7 Typical Characteristics

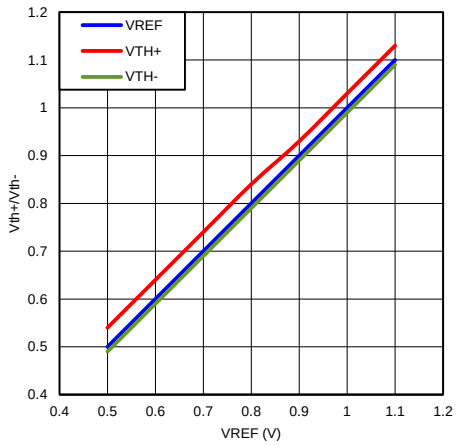


Figure 1. GTL Vth+ and Vth– vs VREF (25°C)

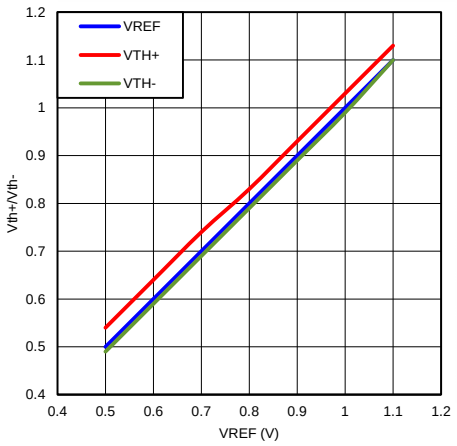


Figure 2. GTL Vth+ and Vth– vs VREF (–40°C)

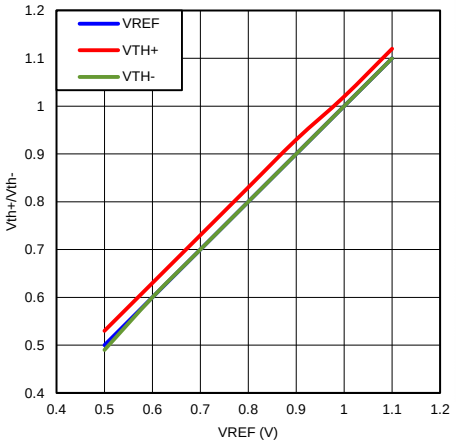
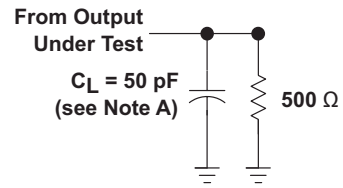


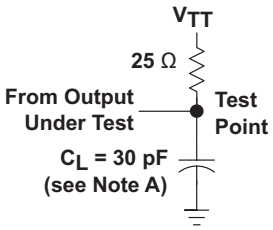
Figure 3. GTL Vth+ and Vth– vs VREF (125°C)

7 Parameter Measurement Information

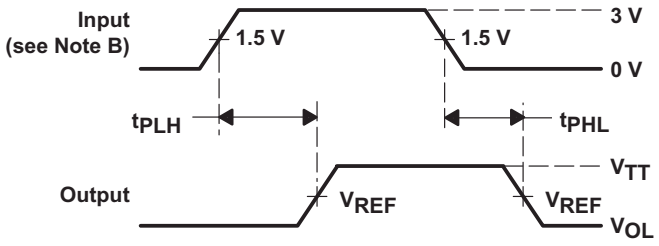
V_{TT} = 1.2 V, V_{REF} = 0.8 V for GTL and V_{TT} = 1.5 V, V_{REF} = 1 V FOR GTL+



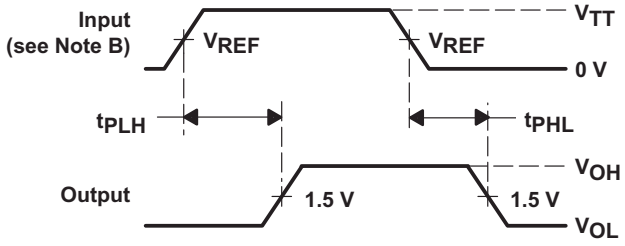
LOAD CIRCUIT FOR A OUTPUTS



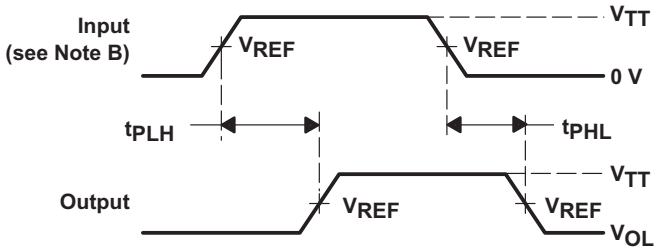
LOAD CIRCUIT FOR B OUTPUTS



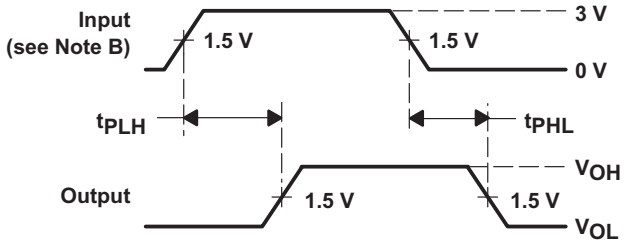
VOLTAGE WAVEFORM 1
PROPAGATION DELAY TIMES
(A port to B port)†



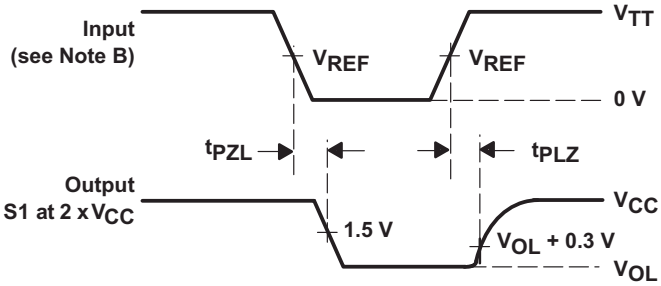
VOLTAGE WAVEFORM 2
PROPAGATION DELAY TIMES
(B port to A port)†



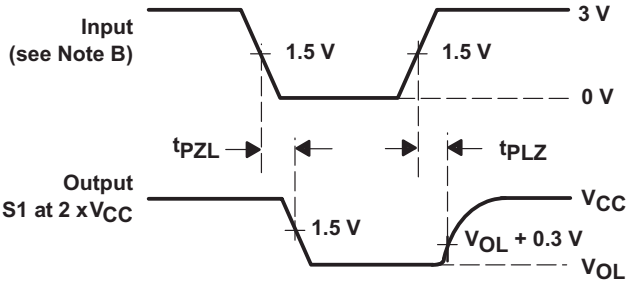
VOLTAGE WAVEFORM 3
PROPAGATION DELAY TIMES
(B port to B port)†



VOLTAGE WAVEFORM 4
PROPAGATION DELAY TIMES
(ENn to A port)†



VOLTAGE WAVEFORM 5
PROPAGATION DELAY TIMES
(B port to A (I/O) port)†



VOLTAGE WAVEFORM 6
ENABLE AND DISABLE TIMES
(EN2 to A (I/O) port)†

† All control inputs are LVTTL levels.

NOTES: A. C_L includes probe and jig capacitance.
B. All input pulses are supplied by generators having the following characteristics: PRR≤ 10 MHz, Z_O = 50 Ω, t_r ≤ 2.5 ns, t_f ≤ 2.5 ns.
C. The outputs are measured one at a time, with one transition per measurement.

Figure 4. Load Circuits and Voltage Waveforms

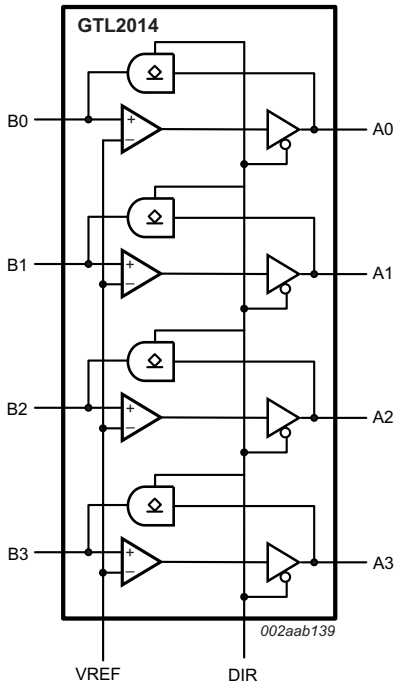
8 Detailed Description

8.1 Overview

The GTL2014 is a 4-channel translating transceiver designed for 3.3-V LVTTL system interface with a GTL–/GTL/GTL+ bus, where GTL–/GTL/GTL+ refers to the reference voltage of the GTL bus and the input/output voltage thresholds associated with it.

The direction pin allows the part to function as either a GTL-to-LVTTL sampling receiver or as a LVTTL-to-GTL interface.

8.2 Functional Block Diagram



8.3 Feature Description

8.3.1 5 V tolerance on LVTTL input

The GTL2014 LVTTL inputs (only) are tolerant up to 5.5 V and allows direct access to TTL or 5 V CMOS inputs. The LVTTL outputs are not 5.5 V tolerant.

8.3.2 3.6 V tolerance on GTL Input/Output

The GTL2014 GTL inputs and outputs operate up to 3.6 V, allowing the device to be used in higher voltage open-drain output applications.

8.3.3 Ultra-Low VREF and High Bandwidth

GTL2014's VREF tracks down to 0.5 V for low voltage CPUs with excellent propagation delay performance. This feature allows the GTL2014 to support high data rates with the GTL– bus.

8.4 Device Functional Modes

The GTL2014 performs translation in two directions. One direction is GTL–/GTL/GTL+ to LVTTL when DIR is tied to GND. With appropriate VREF set up, the GTL input can be compliant with GTL–/GTL/GTL+. Another direction is LVTTL to GTL–/GTL/GTL+ when DIR is tied to VCC. 3.6 V tolerance on the GTL output allows the GTL outputs to pull up to any voltage level under 3.6 V.

9 Application and Implementation

NOTE

Information in the following applications sections is not part of the TI component specification, and TI does not warrant its accuracy or completeness. TI's customers are responsible for determining suitability of components for their purposes. Customers should validate and test their design implementation to confirm system functionality.

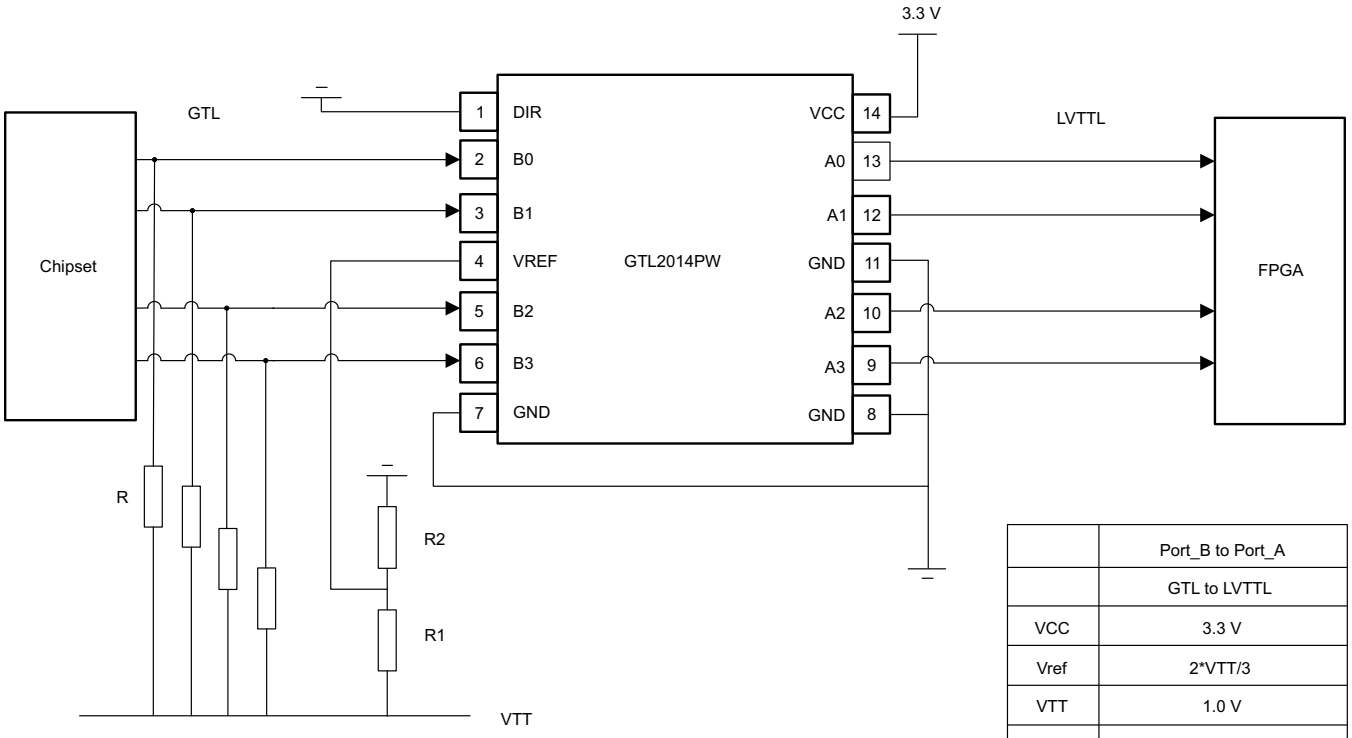
9.1 Application Information

GTL2014 is the voltage translator for GTL–/GTL/GTL+ to LVTTL or LVTTL to GTL–/GTL/GTL+. Please find the reference schematic and recommend value for passive component in the *Typical Application*.

9.2 Typical Application

9.2.1 GTL–/GTL/GTL+ to LVTTL

Select appropriate VTT/VREF based upon GTL–/GTL/GTL+. The parameters in *Recommended Operating Conditions* are compliant to the GTL specification.



	Port_B to Port_A
	GTL to LVTTL
VCC	3.3 V
Vref	2*VTT/3
VTT	1.0 V
DIR	GND
R	75 Ω
R1	49.9 Ω
R2	100 Ω

Figure 5. Application Diagram for GTL to LVTTL

Typical Application (continued)

9.2.1.1 Design Requirements

The GTL2014 requires industrial standard LVTTL and GTL inputs. The design example in *Application Information* show standard voltage level and typical resistor values.

NOTE

Only LVTTL terminals (A1/A2/A3/A4) are tolerant to 5 V.

9.2.1.2 Detailed Design Procedure

To begin the design process, determine the following:

1. Select direction base upon application (GTL–/GTL/GTL+ to LVTTL or LVTTL to GTL–/GTL/GTL+).
2. Set up appropriate DIR pin and VREF/VTT.
3. Choose correct pullup resistor value base upon data rate and driving current requirement (for LVTTL to GTL–/GTL/GTL+).

9.2.1.3 Application Curve

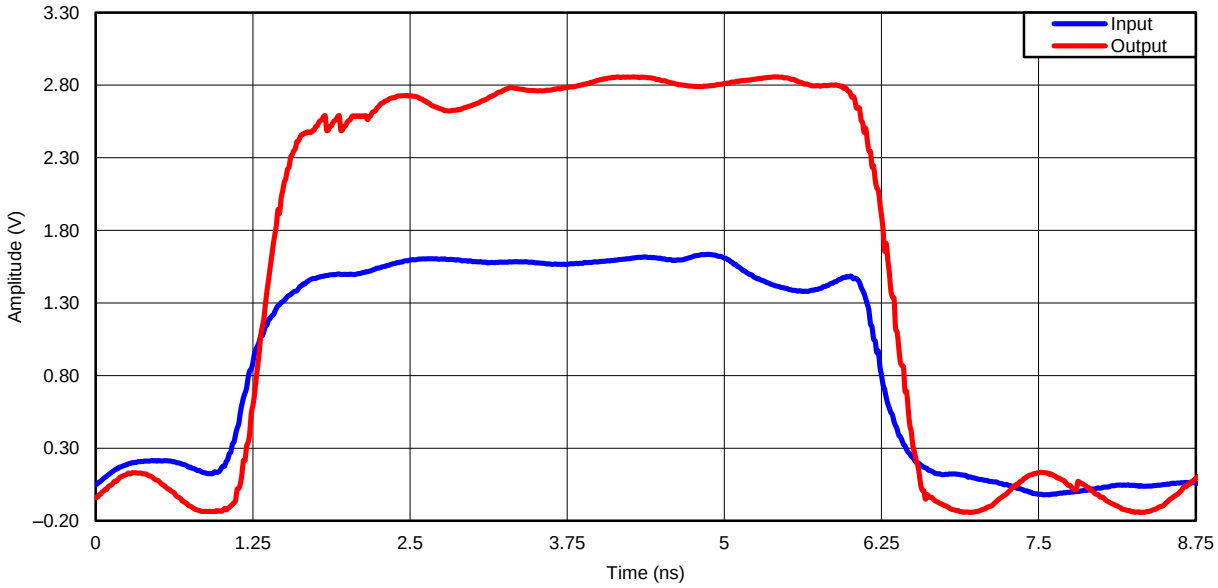
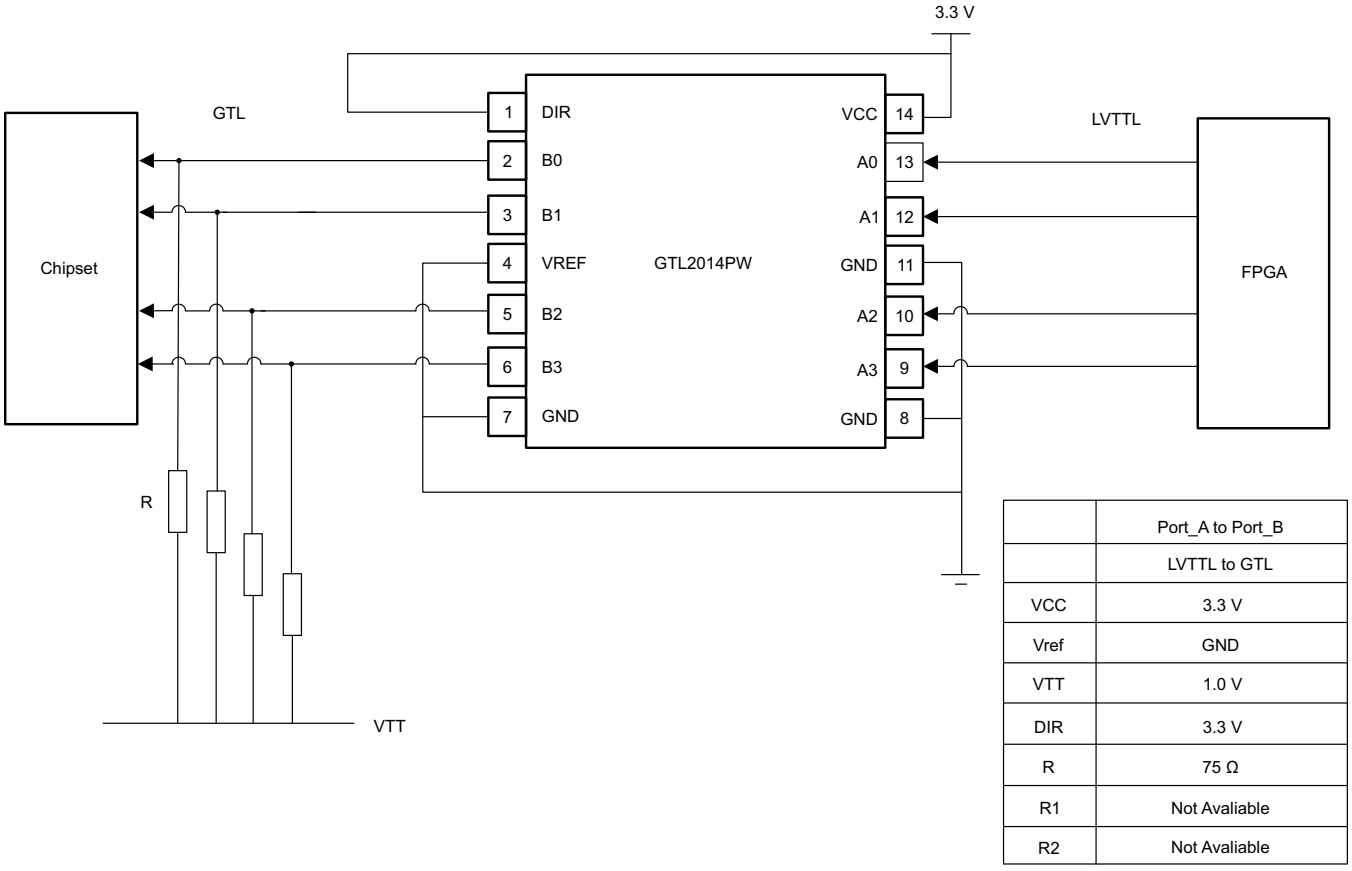


Figure 6. GTL-to-LVTTL, VREF = 1 V, VIN = 1.5 V, 100 MHz

Typical Application (continued)

9.2.2 LVTTL/TTL to GTL–/GTL/GTL+

Because GTL is an open-drain interface, the selection of pullup resistor depends on the application requirement (for example, data rate) and PCB trace capacitance.



	Port_A to Port_B
	LVTTL to GTL
VCC	3.3 V
Vref	GND
VTT	1.0 V
DIR	3.3 V
R	75 Ω
R1	Not Avaliable
R2	Not Avaliable

Figure 7. Application Diagram for LVTTL to GTL

9.2.2.1 Design Requirements

The GTL2014 requires industrial standard LVTTL and GTL inputs. The design example in the *Application Information* section show standard voltage level and typical resistor values.

NOTE

Only LVTTL terminals (A1/A2/A3/A4) are tolerant to 5 V.

9.2.2.2 Detailed Design Procedure

To begin the design process, determine the following:

1. Select direction based upon application (GTL–/GTL/GTL+ to LVTTL or LVTTL to GTL–/GTL/GTL+).
2. Set up appropriate DIR pin and VREF/VTT.
3. Choose correct pullup resistor value base upon data rate and driving current requirement (for LVTTL to GTL–/GTL/GTL+).

Typical Application (continued)

9.2.2.3 Application Curve

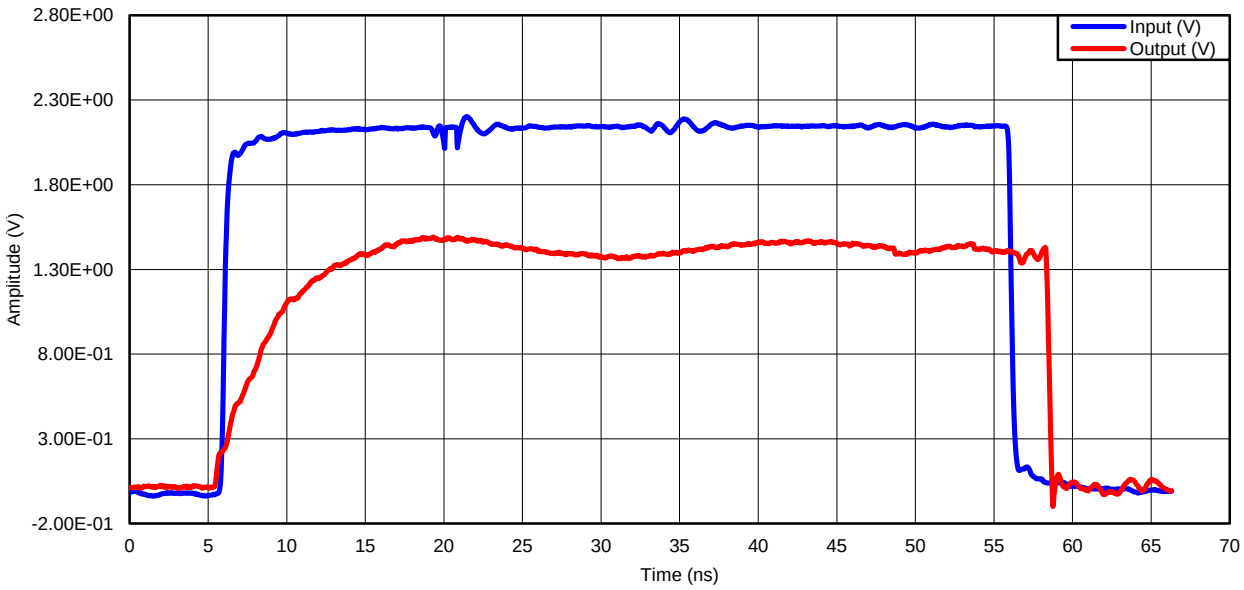


Figure 8. LVTTL-to-GTL, VREF = 1 V, VTT = 1.5 V, 10 MHz

10 Power Supply Recommendations

Because GTL is a low voltage interface, TI recommends a 0.1-µF decoupling capacitor for VREF.

11 Layout

11.1 Layout Guidelines

Typically, GTL/LVTTL is running at a low data rate; however, the GTL2014 is optimized for excellent propagation delay, slew rate, bandwidth, and is able support 100-MHz frequencies.

11.2 Layout Example

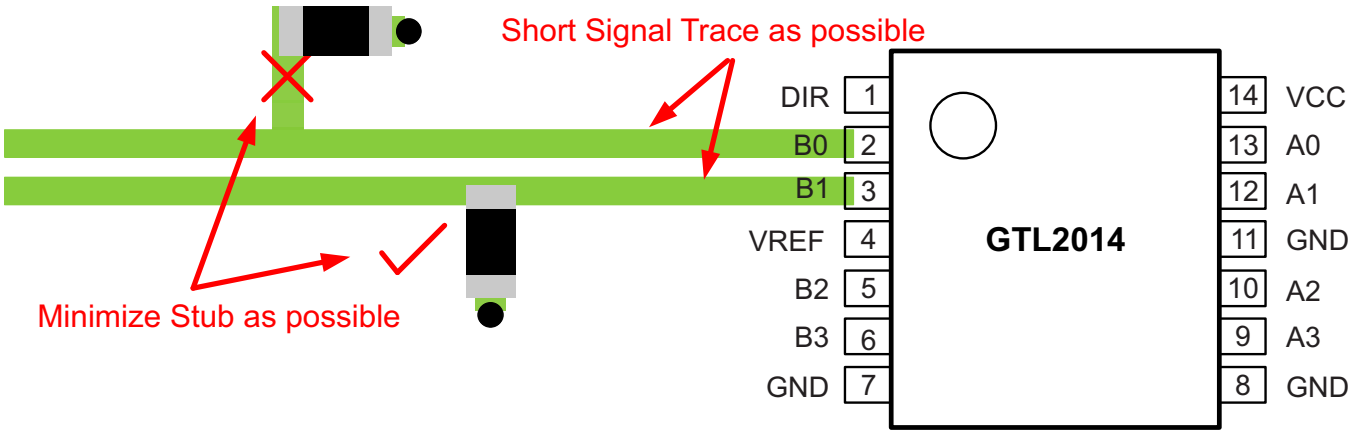


Figure 9. Layout Example for GTL Trace

12 Device and Documentation Support

12.1 Trademarks

All trademarks are the property of their respective owners.

12.2 Electrostatic Discharge Caution

This integrated circuit can be damaged by ESD. Texas Instruments recommends that all integrated circuits be handled with appropriate precautions. Failure to observe proper handling and installation procedures can cause damage.

ESD damage can range from subtle performance degradation to complete device failure. Precision integrated circuits may be more susceptible to damage because very small parametric changes could cause the device not to meet its published specifications.

12.3 Glossary

SLYZ022 — *TI Glossary*.

This glossary lists and explains terms, acronyms, and definitions.

13 Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable Information

The following pages include mechanical, packaging, and orderable information. This information is the most current data available for the designated devices. This data is subject to change without notice and revision of this document. For browser-based versions of this data sheet, refer to the left-hand navigation.

PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable part number	Status (1)	Material type (2)	Package | Pins	Package qty | Carrier	RoHS (3)	Lead finish/ Ball material (4)	MSL rating/ Peak reflow (5)	Op temp (°C)	Part marking (6)
SN74GTL2014PWR	Active	Production	TSSOP (PW) | 14	2000 | LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU | SN	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	GT14
SN74GTL2014PWR.B	Active	Production	TSSOP (PW) | 14	2000 | LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	GT14
SN74GTL2014PWRG4	Active	Production	TSSOP (PW) | 14	2000 | LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	GT14
SN74GTL2014PWRG4.B	Active	Production	TSSOP (PW) | 14	2000 | LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	GT14

(1) **Status:** For more details on status, see our product life cycle.

(2) **Material type:** When designated, preproduction parts are prototypes/experimental devices, and are not yet approved or released for full production. Testing and final process, including without limitation quality assurance, reliability performance testing, and/or process qualification, may not yet be complete, and this item is subject to further changes or possible discontinuation. If available for ordering, purchases will be subject to an additional waiver at checkout, and are intended for early internal evaluation purposes only. These items are sold without warranties of any kind.

(3) **RoHS values:** Yes, No, RoHS Exempt. See the TI RoHS Statement for additional information and value definition.

(4) **Lead finish/Ball material:** Parts may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead finish/Ball material values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

(5) **MSL rating/Peak reflow:** The moisture sensitivity level ratings and peak solder (reflow) temperatures. In the event that a part has multiple moisture sensitivity ratings, only the lowest level per JEDEC standards is shown. Refer to the shipping label for the actual reflow temperature that will be used to mount the part to the printed circuit board.

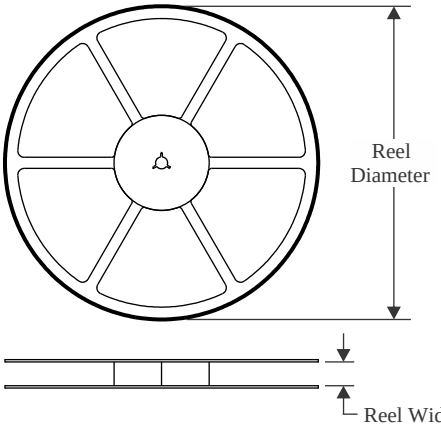
(6) **Part marking:** There may be an additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category of the part.

Multiple part markings will be inside parentheses. Only one part marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a part. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire part marking for that device.

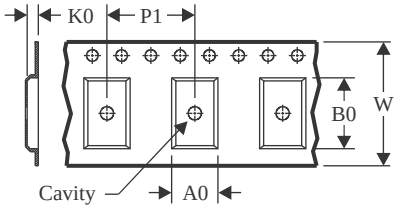
18-Jun-2025

TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION

REEL DIMENSIONS

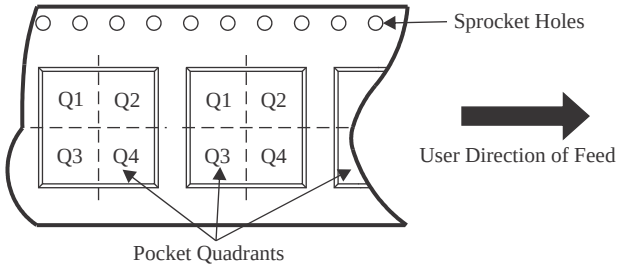


TAPE DIMENSIONS



A0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component width
B0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component length
K0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component thickness
W	Overall width of the carrier tape
P1	Pitch between successive cavity centers

QUADRANT ASSIGNMENTS FOR PIN 1 ORIENTATION IN TAPE



*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
SN74GTL2014PWR	TSSOP	PW	14	2000	330.0	12.4	6.9	5.6	1.6	8.0	12.0	Q1
SN74GTL2014PWRG4	TSSOP	PW	14	2000	330.0	12.4	6.9	5.6	1.6	8.0	12.0	Q1

PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION

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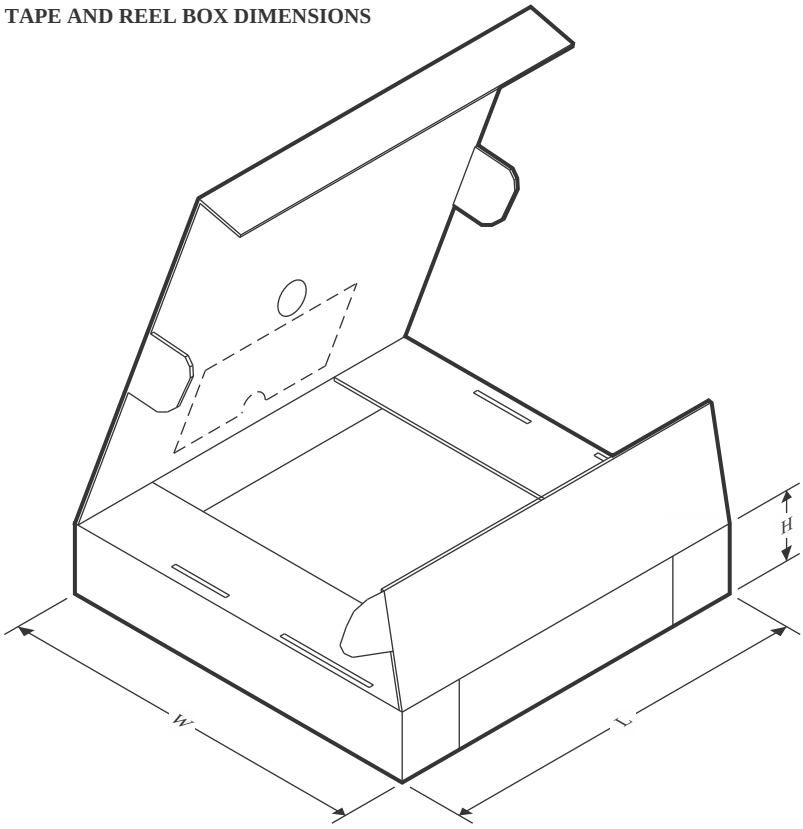
TAPE AND REEL BOX DIMENSIONS



*All dimensions are nominal

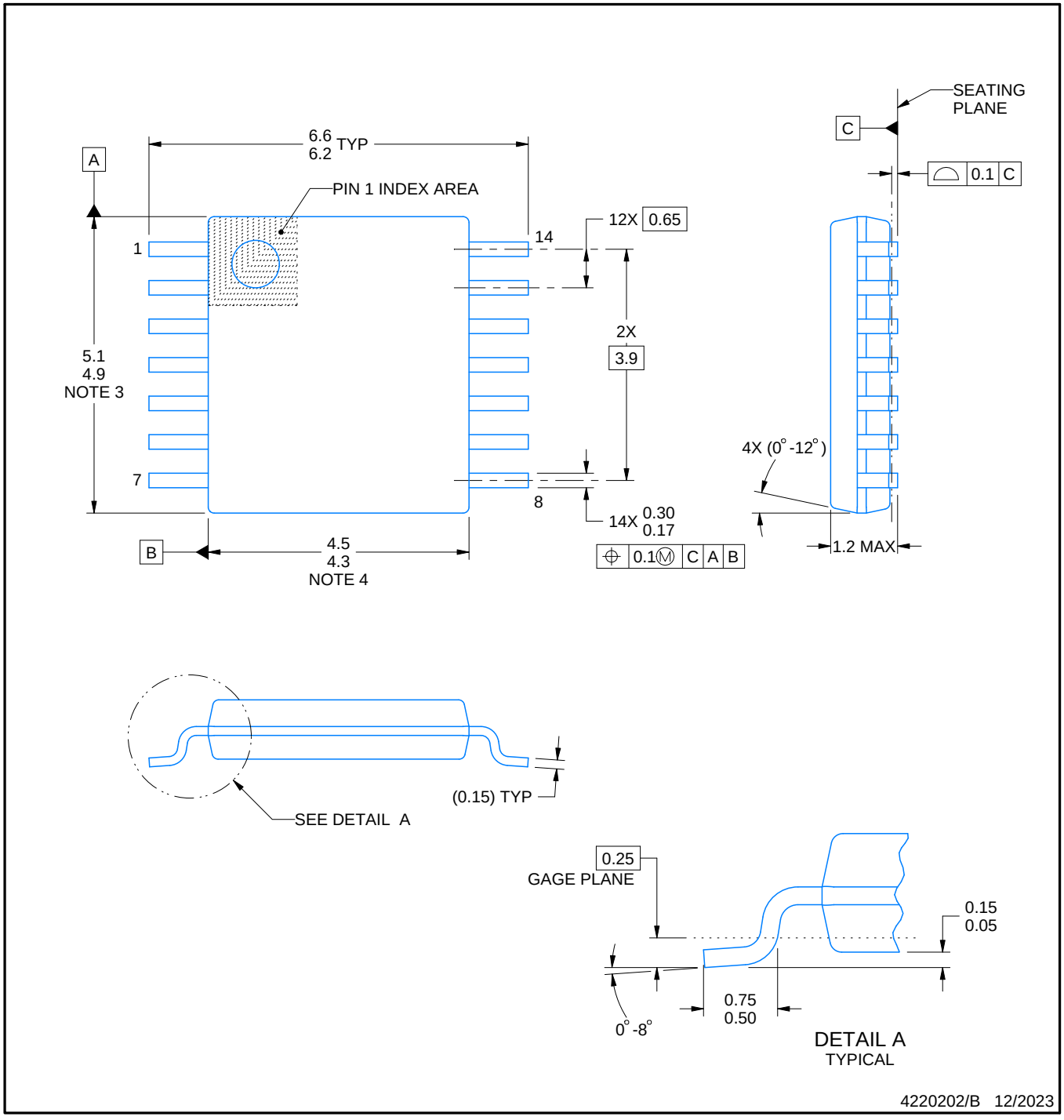
Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)
SN74GTL2014PWR	TSSOP	PW	14	2000	356.0	356.0	35.0
SN74GTL2014PWRG4	TSSOP	PW	14	2000	356.0	356.0	35.0

PACKAGE OUTLINE

PW0014A

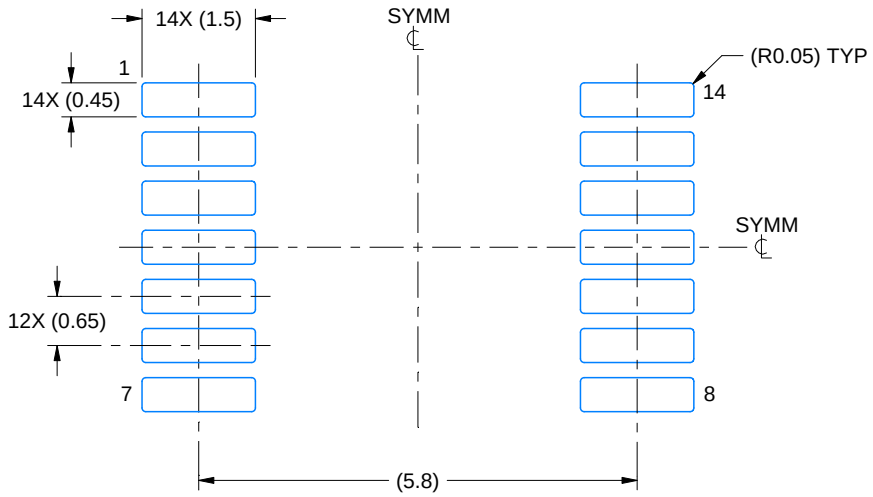
TSSOP - 1.2 mm max height

SMALL OUTLINE PACKAGE

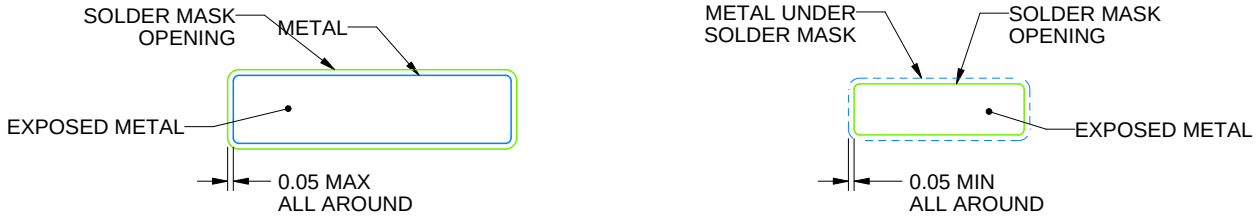


NOTES:

1. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Any dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.
2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
3. This dimension does not include mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs shall not exceed 0.15 mm per side.
4. This dimension does not include interlead flash. Interlead flash shall not exceed 0.25 mm per side.
5. Reference JEDEC registration MO-153.



LAND PATTERN EXAMPLE
EXPOSED METAL SHOWN
SCALE: 10X



NON-SOLDER MASK DEFINED (PREFERRED)

SOLDER MASK DETAILS

SOLDER MASK DEFINED

4220202/B 12/2023

NOTES: (continued)

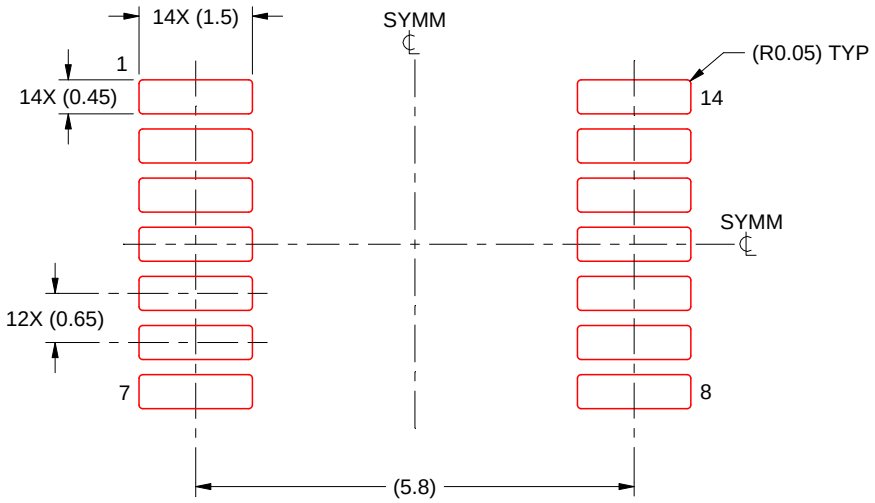
6. Publication IPC-7351 may have alternate designs.
7. Solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads can vary based on board fabrication site.

EXAMPLE STENCIL DESIGN

PW0014A

TSSOP - 1.2 mm max height

SMALL OUTLINE PACKAGE



SOLDER PASTE EXAMPLE
BASED ON 0.125 mm THICK STENCIL
SCALE: 10X

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NOTES: (continued)

8. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release. IPC-7525 may have alternate design recommendations.
9. Board assembly site may have different recommendations for stencil design.